

Inventory

Implementation of Articles III.4 and III.5 of the Convention

| Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia | | |
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| Party since 1 November 1999 | | |
| National Reports submitted: COP12 (2017), COP11 (2014), COP10 (2011), COP9 (2008) | | |
| Relevant Legislation | | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Law of Nature Protection. • Law of Hunting. • Law of Forests. • Law of Water. | |
| Article III.5 | | |
| | Laws that Implement the Take Prohibition | |
| | Aquatic Mammals | Unknown |
| | Terrestrial Mammals | Unknown |
| | Birds | Taking of all Appendix I birds is prohibited, but relevant law is not identified. |
| | Reptiles | Unknown |
| | Fish | Taking of all Appendix I fish is prohibited, but relevant law is not identified. |
| | Exceptions to the Take Prohibition | |
| | Aquatic Mammals | Unknown |
| | Terrestrial Mammals | Unknown |
| | Birds | None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions. |
| | Reptiles | Unknown |
| | Fish | None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions. |
| Article III.4 | | |
| | Laws to conserve and, where feasible and appropriate, restore habitats of CMS Appendix I species | |
| | The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia has designated various protected areas, including Emerald sites and Natura 2000 sites. However, insufficient information is provided to determine whether any Appendix I species inhabit these areas, and insufficient information is provided to identify the content of any obligations arising from these designations. | |
| | Laws that prevent, remove, compensate for or minimize, as appropriate, the adverse effects of activities or obstacles that seriously impede or prevent the migration of the species | |

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| | | Windmills (birds and bats) | The Ministry of Environment requires investors to take into consideration migratory species (birds and bats) during preparation or an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for a Renewable Energy projects affecting birds. |
| | | Cell towers (birds and bats) | Unknown |
| | | Dams (fish) | Unknown |
| | | Road construction (mammals) | Unknown |
| | | Train tracks (mammals) | Unknown |
| | | Fishing gear/bycatch (marine mammals, sea turtles, fish) | Unknown |
| | | Shipping (marine mammals) | Unknown |
| Laws that prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger the species, including strictly controlling the introduction of or controlling or eliminating, already introduced species. | | | |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia has prepared and adopted secondary regulation to the Law of Nature Protection. However, insufficient information is provided to identify the content of any obligations. • The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia has prepared Management Plans and Action Plans for protection of migratory birds and habitats, as well as for specific protected areas. However, insufficient information is provided to identify the content of any activities or obligations arising from these plans. • The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia has engaged in education, training, voluntary monitoring, and reporting. • The Ministry of Environment requires investors to take into consideration migratory species (birds and bats) during EIA preparation for projects affecting birds (roads, windfarms, power lines, etc.). | |
| Reservations, territorial inclusions, and territorial exclusions | | | |
| | Reservations | None | |
| | Territorial Scope | "Full territory of the country". Thus, the Convention is presumed to apply to all territory, including any overseas territories and semi-autonomous zones. | |